

## 2008 Hoover HS Math Tournament Algebra II CIPHERING

Practice: Find the sum of the positive integral factors of 2008.

3780

- 1.1 How many vertical asymptotes does the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 6}$  have? 1
- 1.2 What  $2 \times 2$  matrix, when multiplied on the left of any  $2 \times 2$  matrix  $A$ , interchanges the rows of  $A$ ?  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- 1.3 Find the coefficient of the  $x^5$  term in the expansion of  $(2x+3)^9$ . 326592
- 1.4 Solve the system  $\begin{cases} x + y + 2z = 1 \\ x + 2y + z = 2 \\ 2x + y + z = 3 \end{cases}$ .  $\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- 1.5 How many pairs of numbers have a greatest common divisor of 5! and a least common multiple of 10!? 8
- 2.1 A fair, six-sided die has faces numbered 1, 2, 2, 5, 7, and 9. If this die is rolled three times and the sum of the faces rolled is noted, how many different sums are there? 22
- 2.2 If  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  are distinct numbers such that  $a^3 + 3a + 14 = 0$ ,  $b^3 + 3b + 14 = 0$ , and  $c^3 + 3c + 14 = 0$ , find  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}$ .  $-\frac{3}{14}$
- 2.3 Find the length of the latus rectum of the ellipse with foci at the points  $(2, 2)$  and  $(-2, 2)$  and passing through the point  $(3, 1)$ .  $\frac{\sqrt{26} + 5\sqrt{2}}{3}$
- 2.4 The cost of manufacturing Durka fudge is \$36 fixed plus \$7 per piece. The revenue generated is  $\$(x+2)$  for each of  $x$  items sold. How many pieces of Durka fudge must be sold to break even (when cost and revenue are equal)? 9
- 2.5 Find the value of  $\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(2008\right)^{2007}\right)^{2006}\right)^{2005}\right)\dots\right)^0 + \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(0\right)^1\right)^2\right)^3\right)\dots\right)^{2008}$  1
- 3.1 Find the sum:  $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{9} + \frac{8}{27} - \frac{11}{81} + \dots$   $\frac{5}{16}$
- 3.2 Find the value of  $x$  that satisfies  $\sqrt{x!(x+1)!} = x(x+1)$ . 3
- 3.3 Find the area of the circle through the points  $(10, -2)$ ,  $(1, 5)$ , and  $(6, 4)$   $65\pi$
- 3.4 What is the absolute value of the complex number that satisfies  $z - 3i = 3z + \bar{z}$ , where  $\bar{z}$  represents the conjugate of  $z$ ? 3
- 3.5 Find the sum of the squares of the roots of the equation  $x^3 - 7x^2 + 25x - 9 = 0$ . -1
- 4.1 Find the values of  $x$  in the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$  such that  $\cos x + 1 = \sin x$ .  $\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi$
- 4.2 If the probability of being dealt at most three threes in five cards of a standard 52-card deck of cards is given as  $\frac{a}{b}$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are relatively prime, find the value of  $b - a$ . 1

- 4.3 An increasing sequence of positive integers is defined in the following way: for any term beyond the third term,  $a_{n+3} = a_n + a_{n+1} + a_{n+2}$ . If  $a_{10} = 392$ , what is the value of  $a_3$ ? 5
- 4.4 Let  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  = the largest integer  $n$  such that  $n \leq x$ . The  $x$ -values of the points of intersection of  $y = \left\lfloor \frac{3x}{2} \right\rfloor$  and  $y = 1 - \left\lfloor \frac{6x}{2} \right\rfloor$  are all real numbers in the interval  $a \leq x < 0$ . Find the numerical value of  $a$ .  $-\frac{1}{6}$
- 4.5 Find the smallest positive integer  $x$  such that  $(2008!)(2007!)(2006!)(2005!)x$  is a perfect square. 251753
- E.1 What must  $x$  equal if  $1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots = 10$ ?  $\frac{9}{10}$
- E.2 Find the distance between the points  $(e, \sqrt{e})$  and  $(1, -\sqrt{e})$ .  $e + 1$